

PROGRAMS

Overview Events Research **Advocacy** Funds

Monday, August 29, 2022

City

► [Share](#) | [Print](#) | [Download](#)

Updated June 24, 2025

Have you taken action based on our suggestions? We'd love to hear about it!

LET US
KNOW

Check out the [Our New York City Dance Campaign](#) to learn more about our advocacy priorities and featured actions.

Arts Funding

City Budget

On May 2, the NYC Executive Budget was released announcing:

- a \$45 million addition to the baseline for arts and culture funding, the first increase to the baseline in 16 years
- \$41 million baselined for arts education with an additional \$4 million for programming in the 2025–26 school year.

These will serve as the basis of negotiations for the final budget, which must be finalized by June 30. They represent major wins for the stability of the arts and culture landscape and for the students and teachers across our city. Dance/NYC is continuing to advocate for a \$75 million baseline increase in arts and culture funding and full arts education funding for every student as the budget process continues.

- [Review the FY26 Executive Budget press release](#)
- [Take action to protect arts and culture in the city budget](#)
- [Learn more about arts education in the city budget](#)
- [Learn more about arts and culture funding in the city budget](#)

2025 State of the City Address

In March, City Council Speaker Adrienne Adams conducted her State of the City Address for 2025. As the head of City Council, her address outlines the City Council's key priorities and planned actions. In the accompanying report, Speaker Adams highlighted the City Council's support of arts and culture in the City Budget last year. She reaffirmed the importance of arts and culture in strengthening neighborhoods and contributing to the overall city economy.

- [Learn more about Speaker Adams' State of the City 2025 address](#)
- [Review Speaker Adams' State of the City 2025 report](#)

Space for Dance

NYC Create in Place Pilot Program

The New York City Department of Cultural Affairs a pilot program, [NYC Create in Place](#). The program seeks to preserve and expand the city's creative spaces, including cultural organizations and creative businesses. It includes:

- A centralized resource hub for assistance with space needs
- One-on-one casework and support
- A network to match organizations seeking space with those who have space to rent
- An interagency task force

- [Visit the Create in Place web portal](#)
- [Explore the Create in Place Resource Hub](#)
- [Check out City Limits coverage on Create in Place](#)

NYC Arts Space Act - Council Resolution

On March 26, 2025, the New York City Council passed Resolution 0720-2025, calling on the New York State Legislature to pass, and the Governor to sign, the NYC Arts Space Act. If passed, the law would incentivize developers to include affordable arts spaces like studio, rehearsal, performance, and programming spaces, in housing development. The resolution signifies increased attention and support for the bill, bolstering continued advocacy by the arts community.

- [Check out the press release on the resolution](#)
- [Call on NY lawmakers to pass the NYC Arts Space Act](#)
- [Review the text of the New York City Arts Space Act](#)

"Dancing Ban" Repealed in Zoning Reforms

On June 6, 2024, the New York City Council voted to lift a Prohibition-era dancing ban as part of the "City of Yes for Economic Opportunity" zoning reforms. Under old zoning laws, social dancing was prohibited in smaller nightlife venues in over 80% of New York City. These laws, through uneven enforcement and burdensome fines, disproportionately impacted marginalized BIPOC, LGBTQIA+, and immigrant communities. Now, any commercially-zoned bar or restaurant can have a dance floor, provided it is appropriately sized for the business.

- [Review Dance/NYC's City Council Testimony](#) on the importance of social dancing
- Explore [LegalizeDance.Org](#)
- Check out the New York City Council's [Instagram summary](#)

Open Culture

In June 2023 The New York City Council voted to adopt [Int 0590-2022](#) and make Open Culture a permanent City program. The Open Culture program allows the City to issue permits for eligible arts and cultural organizations to use outdoor spaces for cultural performances.

- Visit the NYC Open Culture Program Resources page is [here](#)
- Learn more about the past accomplishments in the program [and changes](#) from the pandemic era legislation.

Arts Workforce

Minimum Wage

On January 1, 2024, [the minimum wage](#) increased to \$16 in New York City and the counties of Nassau, Suffolk and Westchester, and to \$15 in all other parts of the State.

- [Review press release on historic agreement to raise NY minimum wage.](#)
- [Learn more about New York State's minimum wage](#)
- [Check out the history of New York State minimum wage](#)

Job Listing Transparency

In 2022, The New York City Council voted to adopt [Int. 1208](#), which mandates employers to include in job listings the minimum and maximum salary offered for any position located within New York City. The law went into effect September 2023. Violations constitute an unlawful and discriminatory practice and can be reported to the [NYC Human Rights Commission](#).

- [Learn more about the law](#) and [its effects on bridging inequities](#).

Freelance isn't Free

In 2017, NYC enacted the [Freelance isn't Free Act](#), which establishes freelance workers' rights to a written contract, timely and full payment, and protection from retaliation. (In 2023, a [statewide version](#) of this legislation was also passed.)

- [Review your rights](#) as a freelance worker in NYC.
- Read The Freelancers Union [guide to filing a nonpayment claim](#) with the NYC Department of Consumer Affairs.
- Read the city's [5-Year Report](#) on the effectiveness of the legislation.

City Charter

Charter Revision Proposals Passed

Earlier this year, Mayor Eric Adams established a Charter Revision Commission to propose additions to the New York City Charter, which functions as the city's Constitution. The Commission proposed five changes that became ballot proposals in the 2024 General Election.

Four out of five of these proposals passed, including two that it harder for the City Council to pass laws and increase the Mayor's power, especially around public safety legislation.

- [Check out City & State's breakdown of the proposals](#)
- [Review the full text of the ballot proposals](#)
- [Review the election results for NYC ballot proposals](#)

Housing and Transportation

The FARE Act Passed

In November 2024, the New York City Council passed the FARE Act with a veto-proof majority, ending forced broker fees. Before, renters across the city were being charged thousands of dollars of upfront costs for brokers they did not hire. The bill mandates that whoever hires the broker pays the fee, increasing housing affordability. It went into effect on June 11, 2025.

- [Check out the City Council's press release on the passage of the FARE Act](#)
- [Review Dance/NYC's testimony in support of the FARE Act](#)

Rent Increase

In June 2024, the NYC Rent Guidelines Board voted to approve a 2.75% rent increase for one-year leases and 5.25% on two-year leases for rent-stabilized apartments. These increases will go into effect for any leases signed on or after October 1, 2024.

- Review news coverage on the [Rent Guidelines Board increase](#)
- [Check if your building](#) is rent stabilized
- [Learn more about rights](#) in rent stabilized buildings

Fair Fares NYC Program

The Fair Fares NYC program has expanded eligibility by increasing the range of income levels that qualify. Fair Fares NYC allows low-income

New Yorkers to ride the subway or bus at a 50% discount. Pay-per-Ride, weekly unlimited, and monthly unlimited options are all available.

- [Check your eligibility for the Fair Fares Program](#)
- [Learn more about the Fair Fares expansion](#)

Anti-Discrimination

New Legislation Passed to Protect Transgender New Yorkers

On April 24, 2025 the New York City Council [passed a series of laws](#) to support transgender, gender nonconforming, and nonbinary (TGNCNB) New Yorkers.

The new laws include:

- Making it illegal to physically interfere with someone's access to gender affirming care and reproductive healthcare facilities
- Requiring the city to develop a TGNCNB health agenda
- Having the city develop a plan to support newly arrived TGNCNB youth
- Requiring city agencies to offer an "X" gender option on certain forms

The Council also passed resolutions calling on New York State to pass laws that would protect the medical privacy of trans patients and require NYC hospitals to adhere to World Professional Association of Transgender Health Standards of Care.

- [Review an overview of the new legislation](#)
- [Learn about trans rights protections in New York with NYCLU's guide](#)

[< back](#)

[next listing](#)